AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MAY 14, 2003 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MARCH 26, 2003

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2003-04 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 291

Introduced by Assembly Member Aghazarian

February 5, 2003

An act to add and repeal Sections 17052.13 and 23601 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, relating to taxation, to take effect immediately, tax levy.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 291, as amended, Aghazarian. Personal income and corporation taxes: tax credit: environmental agricultural environment remediation expenditure.

The Personal Income Tax Law and the Bank and Corporation Tax Law authorize various credits against the taxes imposed by those laws.

This bill would authorize a credit against those taxes for each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2003, and before January 1, 2008, in an amount equal to 25% of the qualified environmental agricultural environment remediation expenditure, as defined, paid or incurred during the taxable year by a taxpayer engaged in an agricultural business activity in the San Joaquin River basin, Sacramento River basin, or Tulare Lake basin.

This bill would make legislative findings and declarations as to the necessity of a special statute.

This bill would take effect immediately as a tax levy.

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Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares all of the 2 following:

- (a) Under the Porter-Cologne Water Quality Control Act, the State Water Resources Control Board has the ultimate authority over state water rights and water quality policy. Regional water quality control boards are authorized to oversee water quality on a day-to-day basis at the local or regional level.
- (b) Regional boards regulate all pollutant or nuisance discharges that may affect either surface water or groundwater in their respective regions. The boards have the authority to issue a waiver from the waste discharge requirements and, since 1982, have waived those requirements with respect to certain agricultural runoffs and agricultural discharges, in part, because agricultural waste is classified as a nonpoint source of pollutants.
- (c) Certain farmers, however, have been voluntarily monitoring surface discharges, operational spills, subsurface drainage and stormwater runoff from irrigated lands in the San Joaquin River basin, the Sacramento River basin, and the Tulare Lake basin, in order to meet the total maximum daily load goals of the rivers.
- (d) It is the intent of the Legislature to provide a tax credit for environmental agricultural environment remediation expenditures paid or incurred by a taxpayer who is engaged in an agricultural business activity in the San Joaquin River basin or the Sacramento River basin or the Tulare Lake basin, in connection with abatement or control of agricultural runoffs or discharges for purposes of complying with the waste discharge requirements established by either the State Water Resources Control Board or a regional water quality control board pursuant to the Porter-Cologne Water Quality Control Act.
- 31 SEC. 2. Section 17052.13 is added to the Revenue and 32 Taxation Code, to read:
- 17052.13. (a) For each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2003, and before January 1, 2008, there shall be allowed as a credit against the "net tax," as defined in Section 17039, an

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amount equal to 25 percent of the qualified environmental agricultural environment remediation expenditure paid or incurred by a qualified taxpayer for the taxable year.

(b) For purposes of this section:

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- (1) "Qualified environmental agricultural environment remediation expenditure" means any expenditure that is both of the following:
 - (A) Chargeable to capital account.
- (B) Paid or incurred in connection with abatement or control of 10 wastewater, agricultural runoff, and other hazardous agricultural discharges at a qualified contaminated site.
 - (2) "Qualified taxpayer" means an individual a taxpayer engaged in an agricultural business activity in the San Joaquin River basin, Sacramento River basin, or Tulare Lake basin.
 - (3) "Agricultural business activity" means activities relating to any stock, dairy, poultry, fruit, furbearing animal, or truck farm, plantation, ranch, nursery, or range. "Agricultural business activity" also includes activities relating to cultivating the soil or raising or harvesting any agricultural or horticultural commodity, including, but not limited to, the raising, shearing, feeding, caring for, training, or management of animals on a farm as well as the handling, drying, packing, grading, or storing on a farm any agricultural or horticultural commodity in its unmanufactured state, but only if the owner, tenant, or operator of the farm regularly produces more than one-half of the commodity so treated.
 - (4) "Qualified contaminated site" means any area, located within the San Joaquin River basin, Sacramento River basin, or Tulare Lake basin, that satisfies both of the following:
 - (A) It is held by the qualified taxpayer for use in his or her agricultural business activity or for the production of income, and at or on which there has been a release, or threat of release, or disposal of any wastewater, agricultural runoff, or any other hazardous agricultural discharges.
 - (B) (i) It is certified by the regional water quality control board as provided in clause (ii).
 - (ii) At the request of a qualified taxpayer, a regional water quality control board shall provide to the qualified taxpayer certification of any release, threat of release, or disposal of wastewater, agricultural runoff, or any other hazardous

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agricultural discharges at or on the area held by the qualified taxpayer for use in his or her agricultural business activity or for the production of income.

- (c) No credit is allowed to a taxpayer under this section for any otherwise qualified environmental agricultural environment expenditure if the taxpayer elected pursuant to Section 17279.4 to have Section 198 of the Internal Revenue Code apply to the qualified environmental remediation expenditure paid or incurred by the taxpayer.
- (d) made a valid election for federal tax purposes under Section 198 of the Internal Revenue Code to deduct qualified agricultural environment remediation expenditure in the taxable year in which the taxpayer paid for or incurred that expenditure.
- (d) Upon request from the Franchise Tax Board, a taxpayer shall provide to the Franchise Tax Board a copy of the certification issued by the regional water quality control board as described in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (4) of subdivision (b).
- (e) In the case where the credit allowed by this section exceeds the "net tax," the excess may be carried over to reduce the "net tax" in the following year, and succeeding years six years, if necessary, until the credit is exhausted.

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- (f) The basis of any property for which a credit is allowed under this section shall be reduced by the amount of the credit attributable to the property. The basis adjustment shall be made for the taxable year for which the credit is allowed.
- (g) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2008, and as of that date is repealed.
- SEC. 3. Section 23601 is added to the Revenue and Taxation Code, to read:
- 23601. (a) For each income year beginning on or after January 1, 2003, and before January 1, 2008, there shall be allowed as a credit against the "tax," as defined in Section 23036, an amount equal to 25 percent of the qualified environmental agricultural environment remediation expenditure paid or incurred by a qualified taxpayer for the taxable year.
 - (b) For purposes of this section:
- (1) "Qualified environmental agricultural environment remediation expenditure" means any expenditure that is both of 39 the following:

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(A) Chargeable to capital account.

- (B) Paid or incurred in connection with abatement or control of wastewater, agricultural runoff, or other hazardous agricultural discharges at a qualified contaminated site.
- (2) "Qualified taxpayer" means a taxpayer engaged in an agricultural business activity in the San Joaquin River basin, Sacramento River basin, or Tulare Lake basin.
- (3) "Agricultural business activity" means activities relating to any stock, dairy, poultry, fruit, furbearing animal, or truck farm, plantation, ranch, nursery, or range. "Agricultural business activity" also includes activities relating to cultivating the soil or raising or harvesting any agricultural or horticultural commodity, including, but not limited to, the raising, shearing, feeding, caring for, training, or management of animals on a farm as well as the handling, drying, packing, grading, or storing on a farm any agricultural or horticultural commodity in its unmanufactured state, but only if the owner, tenant, or operator of the farm regularly produces more than one-half of the commodity so treated.
- (4) "Qualified contaminated site" means any area, located within the San Joaquin River basin, Sacramento River basin, or Tulare Lake basin, that *satisfies both of the following:*
- (A) It is held by the qualified taxpayer for use in its agricultural business activity or for the production of income, and at or on which there has been a release, or threat of release, or disposal of wastewater, agricultural runoff, or any other hazardous agricultural discharges.
- (B) (i) It is certified by the regional water quality control board as provided in clause (ii).
- (ii) At the request of a qualified taxpayer, a regional water quality control board shall provide to the qualified taxpayer certification of any release, threat of release, or disposal of wastewater, agricultural runoff, or any other hazardous agricultural discharges at or on the area held by the qualified taxpayer for use in its agricultural business activity or for the production of income.
- (c) No credit is allowed to a taxpayer under this section for any otherwise qualified environmental agricultural environment expenditure if the taxpayer elected pursuant to Section 17279.4 to have Section 198 of the Internal Revenue Code apply to the

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qualified environmental remediation expenditure paid or incurred by the taxpayer.

- (d)—made a valid election for federal tax purposes under Section 198 of the Internal Revenue Code to deduct the qualified agricultural environment remediation expenditure in the taxable year in which the taxpayer paid for or incurred that expenditure.
- (d) Upon request from the Franchise Tax Board, a taxpayer shall provide to the Franchise Tax Board a copy of the certification issued by the regional water quality control board as described in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (4) of subdivision (b).
- (e) In the case where the credit allowed by this section exceeds the "tax," the excess may be carried over to reduce the "tax" in the following year, and succeeding years six years, if necessary, until the credit is exhausted.

(e)

- (f) The basis of any property for which a credit is allowed under this section shall be reduced by the amount of the credit attributable to the property. The basis adjustment shall be made for the taxable year for which the credit is allowed.
- (g) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2008, and as of that date is repealed.
- SEC. 4. The Legislature finds and declares that a special tax is necessary and that a general law cannot be made applicable within the meaning of Section 16 of Article IV of the California Constitution because of the unique activities, burdens, and remediation efforts associated with agricultural businesses located in the San Joaquin River basin, the Sacramento River basin, and the Tulare Lake basin.
- SEC. 5. This act provides for a tax levy within the meaning of Article IV of the Constitution and shall go into immediate effect.